## What is claimed is:

1. A rare-earth sintered magnet of a composition of  $(R1_x+R2_y)T_{100 \times y \times Z}Q_z$ , where R1 is at least one element selected from the group consisting of all rare-earth elements excluding La, Y and Sc, R2 is at least one element selected from the group consisting of La, Y and Sc, T is at least one element selected from the group consisting of all transition elements, and Q is at least one element selected from the group consisting of B and C, and comprising a crystal grain of an  $Nd_2Fe_{14}B$  type compound as a main phase, wherein:

molar fractions x, y and z satisfy

 $8 \le x \le 18$  at%,

 $0.1 \le y \le 3.5$  at% and

3≤ z≤ 20 at%, respectively; and

a concentration of R2 is higher in at least a part of a grain boundary phase than in the crystal grain.

2. The rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim 1, wherein the molar fractions x and y satisfy  $0.01 \le y/(x+y) \le 0.23$ .

- The rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim 1, wherein R2 includes at least Y.
- The rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim 1, wherein an amount of oxygen is in a range of 2000 ppm to 8000 ppm by weight.
- A method of producing a rare-earth sintered magnet, comprising the steps of:

preparing a powder of a rare-earth alloy having a composition of  $(R1_x+R2_y)T_{100 x y z}Q_z$  where R1 is at least one element selected from the group consisting of all rare-earth elements excluding La, Y and Sc; R2 is at least one element selected from the group consisting of La, Y and Sc; T is at least one element selected from the group consisting of all transition elements; and Q is at least one element selected from the group consisting of B and C, wherein molar fractions x, y and z satisfy  $8 \le x \le 18$  at%,  $0.1 \le y \le 3.5$  at% and  $3 \le z \le 20$  at%, respectively; and

sintering the rare-earth alloy powder,

wherein R2 existing in a main phase crystal grain of an Nd<sub>2</sub>Fe<sub>14</sub>B crystalline structure in the rare-earth alloy before sintering is diffused into a grain boundary phase in the sin-

tering step, whereby a concentration of R2 is higher in at least a part of the grain boundary phase than in the crystal grain.

- The method of producing a rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim
   wherein an amount of oxygen included in the rare-earth alloy powder is in a range of
   2000 ppm by weight to 8000 ppm by weight.
- 7. The method of producing a rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim 5, wherein R1 existing in the grain boundary phase in the rare-earth alloy before sintering is diffused into the main phase crystal grain during the sintering step.
- The method of producing a rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim
   wherein an oxide of R2 is formed in the grain boundary phase during the sintering step.
- 9. The method of producing a rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim 5, wherein the sintering step comprises a first step of maintaining the rare-earth alloy powder at a temperature in a range of 650 to 1000°C for 10 to 240 minutes, and a

second step of further sintering the rare-earth alloy powder at a temperature higher than that used in the first step.

- The method of producing a rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim
   wherein the rare-earth alloy powder is obtained through pulverization in a gas whose oxygen concentration is controlled.
- 11. The method of producing a rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim 5, wherein the rare-earth alloy powder is obtained through pulverization in a gas whose oxygen concentration is controlled to be 20000 ppm or less.
- 12. The method of producing a rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim 5, wherein an average particle diameter (FSSS particle size) of the rare-earth alloy powder is 5 µm or less.
- 13. A rare-earth sintered magnet, having a composition of  $(R1_x+R2_y)(T1_p+T2_q)_{100-xy\cdot z\cdot r}Q_zM_r$  where R1 is at least one element selected from the group consisting of all rare-earth elements excluding La, Y and Sc, R2 is at least one element selected from the group consisting of La, Y and Sc; T1 is Fe, T2 is at least one

element selected from the group consisting of all transition elements excluding Fe, Q is at least one element selected from the group consisting of B and C, and M is at least one element selected from the group consisting of Al, Ga, Sn and In, and comprising a crystal grain of an Nd<sub>2</sub>Fe<sub>14</sub>B type compound as a main phase, wherein:

molar fractions x, y, z, p, q and r satisfy

 $8 \le x + y \le 18$  at%,

0<y≤ 4 at%,

 $3 \le z \le 20$  at%,

0<q≤ 20 at%,

 $0 \le q/(p+q) \le 0.3$  at% and

0≤ r≤ 3 at%, respectively; and

a concentration of R2 is higher in at least a part of a grain boundary phase than in the crystal grain.

- 14. The rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim 13, wherein the molar fraction y satisfies  $0.5 < y \le 3$  at%.
- 15. The rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim 13, wherein R2 includes at least Y.

- The rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim 13, wherein T2 includes at least Co.
- 17. The rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim 13, wherein an amount of oxygen is present in a range of 2000 ppm by weight to 8000 ppm by weight.
- 18. A method of producing a rare-earth sintered magnet, comprising the steps of:

preparing a powder of a rare-earth alloy having a composition of (R1<sub>x</sub>+R2<sub>y</sub>)(T1<sub>p</sub>+T2<sub>q</sub>)<sub>100-xyyz,q</sub>Q<sub>z</sub>M<sub>r</sub> where R1 is at least one element selected from the group consisting of all rare-earth elements excluding La), Y and Sc, R2 is at least one element selected from the group consisting of La, Y and Sc; T1 is Fe, T2 is at least one element selected from the group consisting of all transition elements excluding Fe, Q is at least one element selected from the group consisting of B and C, and M is at least one element selected from the group consisting of Al, Ga, Sn and In), and comprising, as a main phase, a crystal grain of an Nd<sub>2</sub>Fe<sub>14</sub>B crystalline structure, wherein:

molar fractions x, y, z, p, q and r satisfy

8≤ x+y≤ 18 at%,

0<y≤ 4 at%,

3≤ z≤ 20 at%,

0<q≤ 20 at%,

 $0 \le q/(p+q) \le 0.3$  at% and

0≤ r≤ 3 at%, respectively; and

sintering the rare-earth alloy powder,

wherein R2 existing in the main phase crystal grain of the  $Nd_2Fe_{14}B$  crystalline structure in the rare-earth alloy before sintering is diffused into a grain boundary phase in the sintering step, whereby a concentration of R2 is higher in at least a part of the grain boundary phase than in the crystal grain.

- 19. The method of producing a rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim
  18, wherein an amount of oxygen included in the rare-earth alloy powder is in a range of 2000 ppm by weight to 8000 ppm by weight.
- 20. The method of producing a rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim 18, wherein R1 existing in the grain boundary phase in the rare-earth alloy before sintering is diffused into the main phase crystal grain during the sintering step.

- 21. The method of producing a rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim 18, wherein an oxide of R2 is formed in the grain boundary phase in the sintering step.
- 22. The method of producing a rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim 18, wherein the sintering step comprises a first step of maintaining the rare-earth alloy powder at a temperature in a range of 650 to 1000°C for 10 to 240 minutes, and a second step of further sintering the rare-earth alloy powder at a temperature higher than that used in the first step.
- 23. The method of producing a rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim
  18, wherein the rare-earth alloy powder is obtained through pulverization in a gas whose oxygen concentration is controlled.
- 24. The method of producing a rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim 18, wherein the rare-earth alloy powder is obtained through pulverization in a gas whose oxygen concentration is controlled to be 20000 ppm or less.

- 25. The method of producing a rare-earth sintered magnet according to claim 18, wherein an average particle diameter (FSSS particle size) of the rare-earth alloy
- powder is 5 μm or less.